Capital Community College Scientific Reasoning (SR) Rubric

Scale Outcome	4 – Highly Competent	3 – Competent	2 – Minimally Competent	1 – Not Competent
SR1 - Explain the methods of scientific inquiry that lead to the acquisition of knowledge. Such methods include observations, testable hypotheses, logical inferences, experimental design, data acquisition, interpretation, and reproducible outcomes.	Student provided all appropriate or relevant explanations on the methods they used. All explanations were clear, complete and related to the problem posed.	Most explanations were clear, complete, and related to the problem posed.	Most explanations were: incomplete or not related to the problem posed or not provided.	Student did not provide: any explanations or understandable explanations or explanations related to the problem posed.
SR2 - Apply scientific methods to investigate realworld phenomena, and routine and novel problems. This includes data acquisition and evaluation, and prediction.	Student successfully applied scientific methods to investigate problem(s). All applications were efficient, complete, correct and related to the problems posed.	Student successfully applied most scientific methods to investigate problem(s). Most applications were complete, correct and related to the problems posed.	Student successfully applied some scientific methods to investigate problem(s). Most applications were incomplete or incorrect or not related to the problems posed.	Student did not apply: any scientific methods or scientific methods correctly.

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Outcome				
SR3 - Represent scientific data symbolically, graphically, numerically, and	Identifies relevant data in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Converts and presents	Identifies relevant data but not entirely in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Converts data with minor	Identifies relevant data but not in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Converts data with major	Does not identify relevant data and does not connect it with the argument or purpose of the work. Converts data with major
verbally.	scientific data accurately.	errors and/or presents scientific data with minor inaccuracies.	errors or presents scientific data with major inaccuracies.	errors and presents scientific data with major inaccuracies.
	Presents data in an appropriate manner, such as: a database, graphs, tables,	Presents data in an appropriate manner, such as: a database, graphs, tables, images, symbols	Presents data, but the manner of presentation is not particularly well suited for the	Presents data, but the manner of presentation is not particularly well suited for the
	images, symbols or descriptions,	or descriptions,	task at hand or:	task at hand and/or:
	and:	Almost always organizes	Organizes scientific data in a	Organizes scientific data in a
	Organizes scientific data in a	scientific data in a way that	way that somewhat impedes	way that severely impedes
	 way that provides for clear interpretation: Units are always included. When appropriate, features such as descriptive titles, labels, legends, and keys are used. When appropriate, data are ranked, grouped or tabulated. 	 provides for clear interpretation: Units are almost always included. When appropriate, features such as descriptive titles, labels, legends, and keys are used, but clarity would be enhanced with added detail or more labels. When appropriate, data are ranked, grouped or tabulated. 	clear interpretation: Units are sometimes included. When appropriate, features such as descriptive titles, labels, legends, and keys are used, but not all necessary and appropriate features are included, or most features are only marginally descriptive. Data are ranked, grouped or tabulated in an inconsistent or haphazard manner.	clear interpretation: Units are not included. There is a lack of descriptive titles, labels, legends, and keys that makes accurate interpretation of the data impossible. Data are ranked, grouped or tabulated in an inconsistent, haphazard, or unintelligible manner.

Scale	4 – Highly Competent	3 – Competent	2 – Minimally Competent	1 – Not Competent
Outcome				
SR4 - Interpret	Almost always provides	Frequently provides accurate	Sometimes provides accurate	Seldom provides accurate
scientific	accurate explanations of	explanations of information.	explanations of information.	explanations of information.
information and	information.			
draw logical				
inferences from	Almost always makes	Frequently makes appropriate	Sometimes makes appropriate	Seldom makes appropriate
representations	appropriate interpretation of	interpretation of formulas,	interpretation of formulas,	interpretation of formulas,
such as formulas,	formulas, equations, graphs,	equations, graphs, tables	equations, graphs, tables	equations, graphs, tables
equations, graphs,	tables and/or schematics.	and/or schematics.	and/or schematics.	and/or schematics.
tables, and	Interpretation contains all	Interpretation frequently	Interpretation sometimes	Interpretation seldom
schematics.	critical elements.	contains all critical elements.	contains all critical elements.	contains all critical elements.
	Almost always uses scientific information to draw logical inferences in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Almost always presents scientific information with comparisons and/or contextual information that gives it meaning.	Frequently uses scientific information to draw logical inferences in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Frequently presents scientific information with comparisons and/or contextual information that gives it meaning.	Sometimes uses scientific information to draw logical inferences in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Sometimes presents scientific information with comparisons and/or contextual information that gives it meaning.	Seldom uses scientific information to draw logical inferences in connection with the argument or purpose of the work. Seldom presents scientific information with comparisons and/or contextual information that gives it meaning.

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SR5 - Evaluate the results obtained from scientific methods for accuracy and/or reasonableness.	Uses scientific analysis of data as basis for deep and thoughtful judgment, drawing insightful conclusions from the work	Uses scientific analysis of data as the basis for competent judgments, drawing reasonable conclusion from the work.	Sometimes uses scientific analysis of data as basis for judgments, drawing plausible conclusions from the work.	Seldom uses scientific analysis of data as basis for basis judgments and seldom draws plausible conclusions from the work.
reasonableness.	A correct and complete evaluation of the results is clearly presented. There are no errors in correlation and causation. When appropriate, source credibility is fully explored.	An evaluation of the results is presented with minor inaccuracies. There are seldom errors in correlation and causation. When appropriate, source credibility is explored.	An evaluation of the results is presented with major inaccuracies. There are frequent errors in correlation and causation. When appropriate, source credibility is rarely explored.	An evaluation of the results is presented with major inaccuracies and/or is incoherent. There are almost always errors in correlation and causation. When appropriate, source credibility is not explored.
	Explicitly describes assumptions and provides detailed rationale for the appropriateness of each assumption.	Frequently describes assumptions and provides adequate rationale for the appropriateness of each assumption.	Sometimes describes assumptions and provides some rationale for the appropriateness of each assumption	Seldom describes assumptions and does not provide rationale for the appropriateness of each assumption.